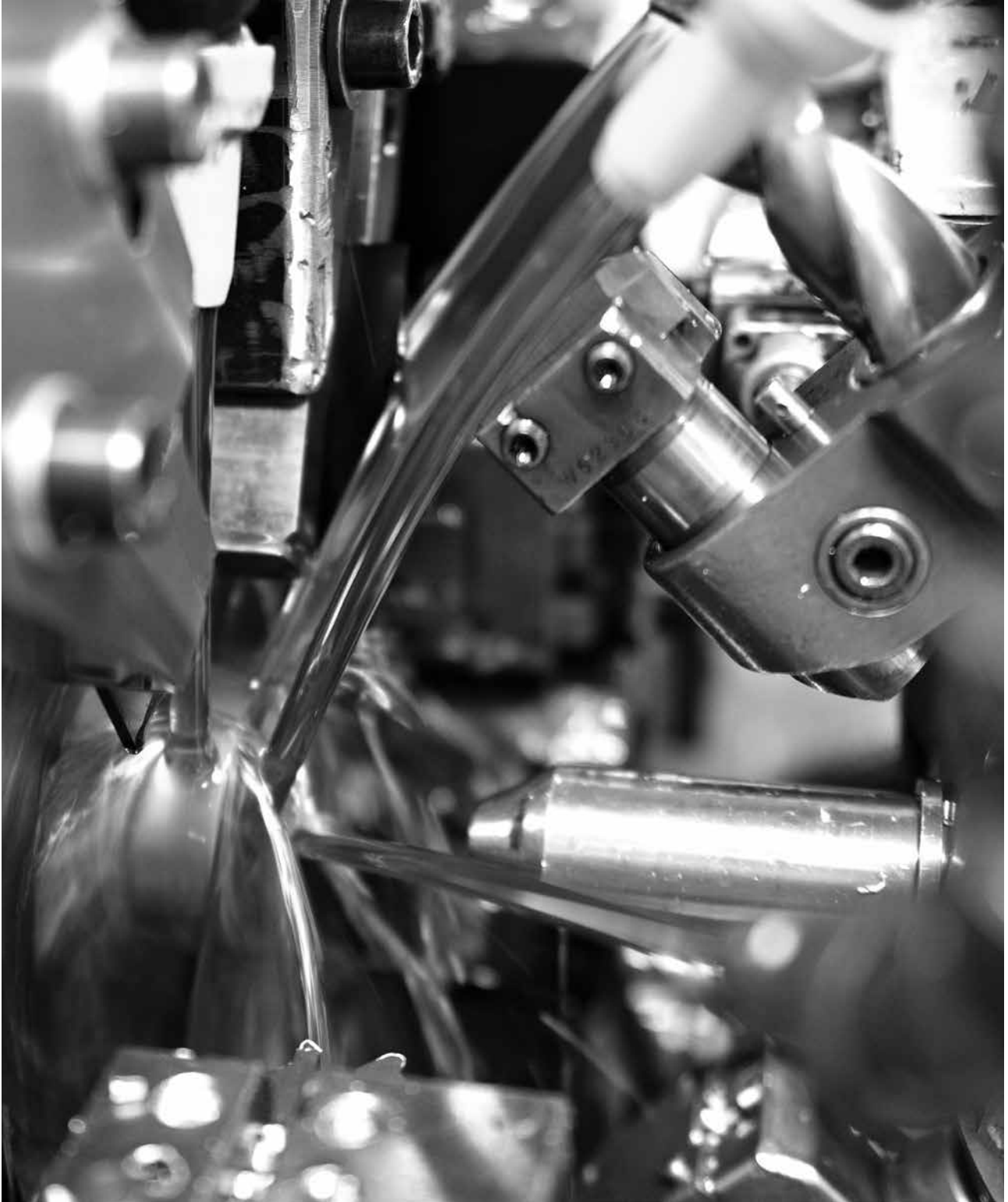


Q2 | 2015

Positive Development



[INDUS]
H O L D I N G A G

1ST HALF-YEAR 2015

KEY FIGURES (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales	675.6	600.3
EBITDA	87.0	80.2
EBIT	62.7	58.4
Net result for the period	32.0	28.1
Earnings per share (in EUR) of continuing operations	1.31	1.24
Operating cash flow	26.4	17.9
	30.6.2015	31.12.2014
Total assets	1,391.1	1,308.4
Equity capital	562.6	549.9
Net debt	410.4	345.9
Equity ratio (in %)	40.4	42.0
Investments (as of the reporting date)	43	42

SALES IN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 2015

COMPARISON OF H1 2015 WITH H1 2014

SALES

EBIT

675.6 \uparrow 12 % \uparrow 7 %

EUR million

AS THE LEADING SPECIALIST IN THE FIELD OF SUSTAINABLE INVESTMENT AND GROWTH IN GERMAN-SPEAKING SMALL AND MEDIUM-SIZED COMPANIES, INDUS PRIMARILY ACQUIRES OWNER-MANAGED COMPANIES AND HELPS THEIR BUSINESS GROW OVER THE LONG TERM. WE ENSURE IN THE PROCESS THAT THEY ARE ABLE TO RETAIN THEIR PARTICULAR STRENGTH:

THEIR IDENTITY AS MEDIUM-SIZED COMPANIES.

—————> **CONTENTS**

p. 2	→	LETTER TO THE SHAREHOLDERS
p. 4	→	TTIP – OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS FOR THE SME INDUSTRY
p. 6	→	INDUS ON THE CAPITAL MARKET
p. 7	→	INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT
p. 19	→	CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015
p. 40	→	CONTACT AND FINANCIAL CALENDAR

LETTER TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

DEAR SHAREHOLDERS,

The first six months of the year are over, and the INDUS Group is on track. This is the positive summary of the presentation of our current figures. We are satisfied with the results we have achieved in the first half of the year. Our Group recorded a 12% increase in sales and an 7% increase in EBIT against the previous year. This development was also driven by our acquisitions and shows that INDUS is on a successful and consistent path of growth in the third year of COMPASS 2020.

However, the situations faced by the individual segments vary indeed: the Engineering segment performed outstandingly well. The acquisitions made over the past years developed very dynamically. The Medical Engineering/Life Science and Construction/Infrastructure segments performed similarly well. The latter will experience a great sales spurt in the second half of the year due to the significant order backlog. The results achieved in vehicle construction and metals technology are somewhat weaker. Higher process costs for a series supplier and the massive appreciation of the Swiss franc along with weak business in Russia for a few portfolio companies played a role in these developments.

But these effects are limited. Somewhat worrying is the current weakness of the Chinese market. Vehicle sales in China were down 3% against the previous year – this is the weakest growth recorded since February 2013. The China Association of Automobile Manufacturers (CAAM) lowered their growth forecast for 2015 from 7% to 3%. The developments reached the Chinese stock market in July, and the sharp downturn could only be halted after intervention by the Chinese government. It is safe to assume that the government will continue to manage the economy and ensure growth in future; the recently announced major economic program is further evidence of this. The looming first interest rate hike by the Fed, which is expected in September, remains an uncertainty factor. The U.S. reporting season for the second quarter of 2015 got off to a mixed start as well. Some German companies also recorded negative trends. Contrary to expectations, the enduring crisis in Greece had no effect on the markets. Europe remains stable at a modest level.

All of these developments back our rather cautious outlook for 2015. Nevertheless, we continue to expect that we will achieve our sales and profit targets, but we are also aware that we will have to make even more of an effort to achieve these results.


Despite the mixed environment, we will continue unabated in our expansion of the portfolio. With the recently announced acquisition of IEF-Werner, we have obtained a third company for the portfolio (following NEA and RAGUSE); we are also continuing to drive investment in the expansion of the portfolio, whether in new production sites or new branches abroad. At the midway point of the year, we have already invested over EUR 55 million in these measures, and by the end of the year this figure will be significantly over the EUR 100 million mark. We have financed these growth initiatives without compromising our financial stability; our equity ratio on June 30 remained over 40%. We intend to continue along this reliable growth path.

Bergisch Gladbach, August 2015

Yours, The Board of Management



Jürgen Abromeit



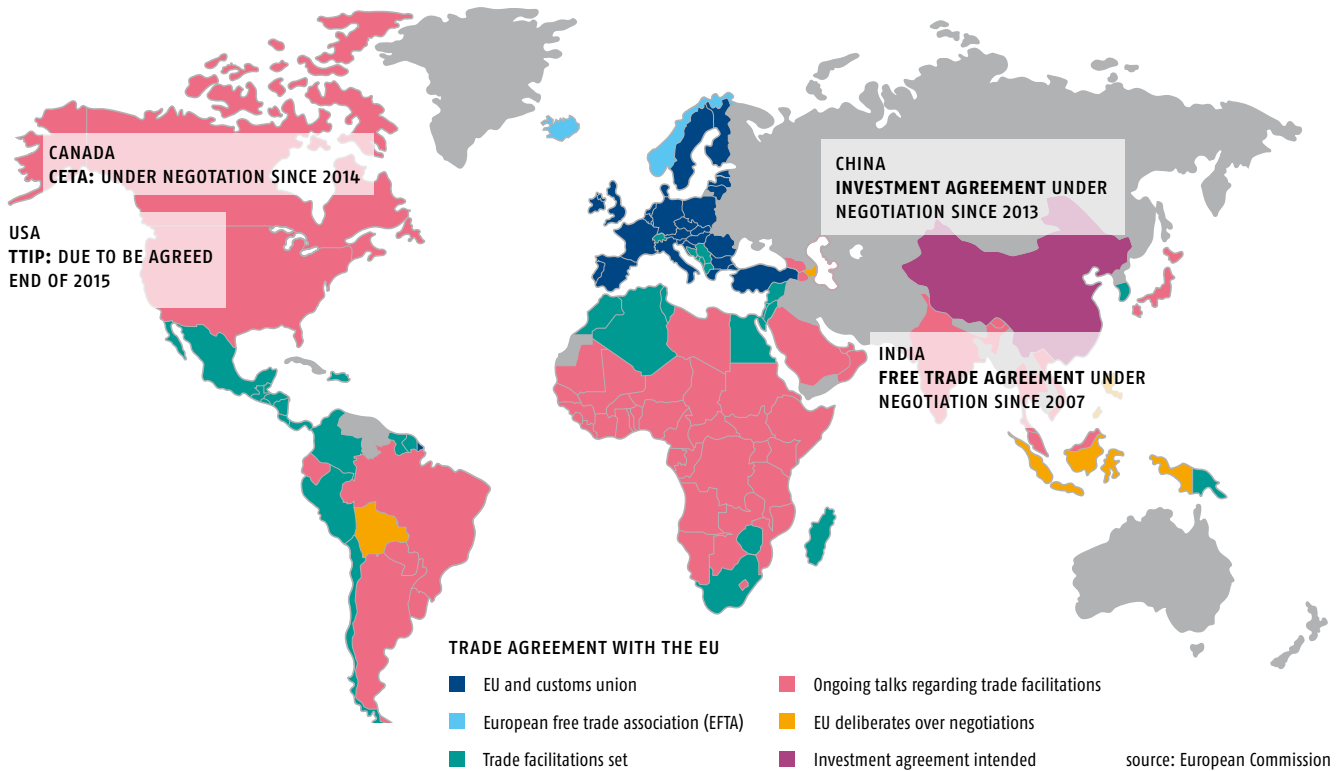
Dr. Johannes Schmidt



Rudolf Weichert

TTIP – OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS FOR THE SME INDUSTRY

In the summer of 2016, the USA and EU are expected to negotiate the key points of the Transatlantic Trade and Investment Partnership, or TTIP. TTIP could be passed by the parliaments in 2018. But the plan remains controversial. Supporters hope to see momentum for growth and employment. The critics fear a drop in protection standards. What effect will TTIP have on the German SME industry and the INDUS Group companies?



ECONOMIC AREAS WILL MERGE

The current negotiations between Europe and the USA are arduous, and this shows that there is still plenty of ground to cover before TTIP becomes reality. Nevertheless, the potential benefits of an agreement can already be seen: the merger of the economic areas of Europe and the USA would result in the world’s largest economic area. TTIP is the logical conclusion of the policy of opening up markets, which is on the rise across the world.

Turning toward cooperation and away from isolation is no longer just the policy of Western States. China and Russia are also actively working on establishing partnerships: China has launched the project “Reviving the Silk Road” and has invested billions in intensifying trade relations with Pakistan. China is cultivating intense trade

relations with Latin America, too. In 2015 Russia established the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) together with Belarus, Kazakhstan, Armenia and Kyrgyzstan, which is an economic union based on the EU model. Together they closed a trade agreement with Vietnam in June.

And in Europe, too, the free trade agreement with the USA is just the beginning. The EU is hoping to close trade agreements with all of the large industrialized nations in the world (see image). Following the negotiations concluded with Canada and Singapore, new contracts are also going to be negotiated with Japan and India, and as a first step toward a comprehensive deal with China, an investment agreement. The UK government is already pushing for free trade discussions with Beijing.



“I GENERALLY BELIEVE THAT FREE TRADE AGREEMENTS SUCH AS THE TTIP ARE POSITIVE. THE DISMANTLING OF TRADE RESTRICTIONS IS GOOD FOR ENTREPRENEURIAL DEVELOPMENT – PARTICULARLY FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF SMES. THE AGREEMENT WILL ELIMINATE RESTRICTIONS ARISING FROM DIFFERENT NORMS AND STANDARDS, AND THIS WILL OPEN NEW DOORS – ESPECIALLY FOR INDUS GROUP COMPANIES.”

JÜRGEN ABROMEIT, INDUS BOARD OF MANAGEMENT CHAIRMAN (CEO),
INDUS HOLDING AG

The importance of the topic “Establishing free trade regions” for nations can be seen by looking at the competition between China and the USA in the Pacific region. Both are aiming to establish large free trade regions, and both wish to have the upper hand at the expense of the other. The USA intends to use TTP to have eleven states adjacent to the Pacific commit to them. China is using all of its influence to block this move.

And it is not just trade that is becoming more international, but also the financial markets: the BRICS states are currently in the process of establishing a new banking institution with the Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB). It will in future provide capital for the regions’ markets – in addition to the World Bank and IMF. This makes it clear that the process of internationalization is going full steam ahead on all levels – and that it is presumably unstoppable.

TTIP WILL PROVIDE ALLEVIATION FOR THE SME INDUSTRY

It is safe to assume that the transatlantic agreement TTIP will be the next big step in this direction. Customs duties are expected to fall for important industries in Germany still subject to high customs duties, such as the chemicals industry. Technical standards in the automotive manufacturing industry will be unified. This is an industry that provides a lot of work in Germany.

TTIP will also be beneficial for the SME industry, which tends to struggle more with doing business in the USA than large corporations. A common and overarching trade understanding will lower the barriers to market entry for the industry and reduce costs.

However, even within the SME industry there are currently still many reservations regarding TTIP as there are still several risks to be addressed. One particular worry is that the existing high standards that apply in Europe will be lowered. And the idea of legal conflicts being solved through expensive private arbitration proceedings is also giving cause for concern. But this has no effect on the project’s actual intention.

If EU countries want to increase their exports they will need partners in the USA and China. According to the EU Commission, demand for consumer goods will continue to increase in those countries, while they stagnate in Europe. The EU Commission also states that if the EU succeeds in closing all of the agreements currently in negotiation, the Union’s economy could be set to grow by 2.2% and 2.2 million jobs would be created.

WHATEVER THE OUTCOME, INDUS COMPANIES WILL GO THEIR OWN WAY

Any merger of the markets is beneficial for INDUS Group companies. But their future success does not depend on it. That is because they have learned to develop beyond the regions with subsidiaries and branches during their time on the markets. AURORA, ASS, BETEK, ELTHERM, HORN, IPETRONIK, MBN, and M.BRAUN are eight companies in our Group who operate in or from North America. Each is determined and in a position to make use of their opportunities: with or without TTIP.

INDUS ON THE CAPITAL MARKET

THE INDUS SHARE AT A GLANCE*

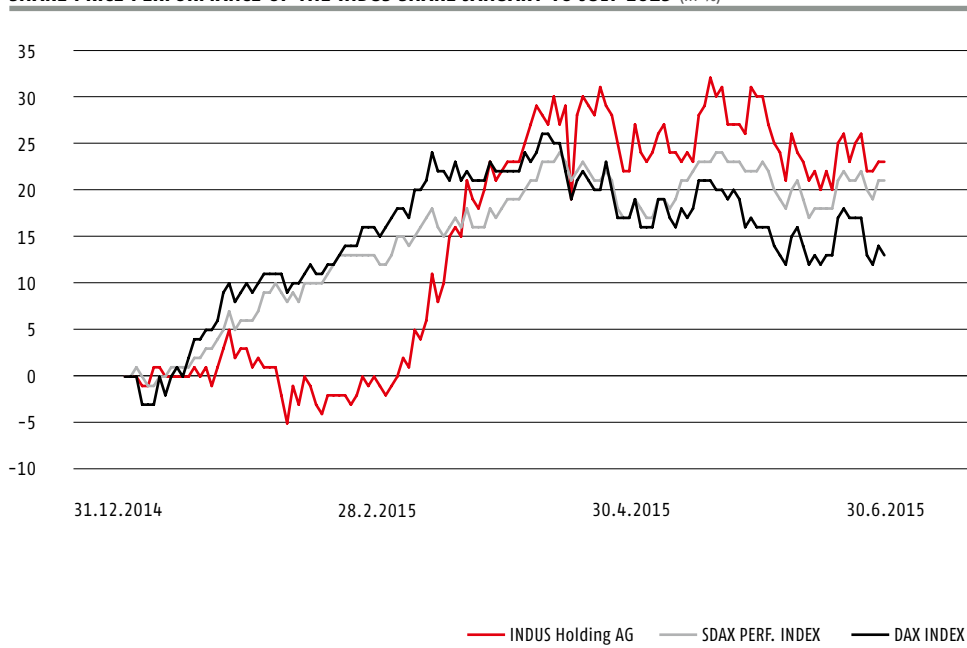
	H1 2015	Full-year 2014
High (in EUR)	50.12	40.90
Low (in EUR)	36.37	28.00
Closing price at reporting date (in EUR)	45.19	38.11
Average daily trading volume (number of shares)	60,378	53,935
Number of shares outstanding	24,450,509	24,450,509
Market capitalization (in EUR millions)	1,104.9	931.8

* share price acc. to XETRA, trading volume acc. to Deutsche Börse

THE CAPITAL MARKET SEES FURTHER GROWTH OPPORTUNITIES FOR INDUS

The price of the INDUS share continued to rise in 2015. Once more, the INDUS share outperformed both the SDAX and DAX in the first six months of the year. The INDUS share's liquidity also improved once more. As of June 30, 2015, the share was up roughly 22 %, thus substantially outperforming the markets at the close of 2014 (SDAX +19%, DAX +12 %). The share reached its highest price of EUR 50.12 on May 21. Current price targets for the INDUS share range between EUR 54 and EUR 60. All analysts are recommending to either buy or hold.

SHARE PRICE PERFORMANCE OF THE INDUS SHARE JANUARY TO JULY 2015 (in %)



—————> **INTERIM MANAGEMENT REPORT**

- p. 8 —> INDUS GROUP BUSINESS PERFORMANCE
IN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 2015
- p. 11 —> SEGMENT REPORT
- p. 14 —> EMPLOYEES
- p. 15 —> FINANCIAL POSITION
- p. 17 —> OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS
- p. 17 —> EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE
- p. 18 —> OUTLOOK

INDUS GROUP BUSINESS PERFORMANCE IN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 2015

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales	675.6	600.3
Other operating income	7.6	8.7
Own work capitalized	4.0	2.2
Changes in inventories	17.8	16.1
Overall performance	705.0	627.3
Cost of materials	-335.4	-294.3
Personnel expenses	-193.0	-170.3
Other operating expenses	-90.0	-82.9
Income from shares accounted for using the equity method	0.3	0.4
Other financial results	0.1	0.1
EBITDA	87.0	80.3
Depreciation and amortization	-24.3	-21.8
Operating result (EBIT)	62.7	58.5
Net interest	-12.7	-10.5
Earnings before taxes (EBT)	50.0	48.0
Taxes	-18.0	-17.3
Earnings attributable to discontinued operations	0.0	-2.6
Earnings after taxes	32.0	28.1
of which allocable to non-controlling shareholders	0.1	0.3
of which allocable to INDUS shareholders	31.9	27.8

Overall, the course of business in the first half of 2015 was satisfactory and went according to plan. In the first quarter of 2015, the Group achieved sales of EUR 327.9 million (previous year: EUR 287.2 million), and EUR 347.7 million in the second quarter of 2015 (previous year: EUR 313.1 million). EBIT amounted to EUR 31.5 million in the first quarter of 2015 (previous year: EUR 28.3 million) and EUR 31.2 million in the second quarter (previous year: EUR 30.2 million).

The consolidated sales of INDUS Holding AG reached EUR 675.6 million at the end of June 2015 (previous year: EUR 600.3 million). Cost of materials rose from EUR 294.3 million to EUR 335.4 million and was thus proportional to the increase in sales. At 49.6%, the cost of materials ratio after the first six months was slightly above the previous year's level of 49.0%. Personnel costs rose from EUR 170.3 million to EUR 193.0 million, primarily reflecting a larger post-acquisition workforce; the personnel cost ratio amounted to 28.6% (previous year: 28.4%).

EBITDA (earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization) came in at EUR 87.0 million, up EUR 6.7 million versus last year's EUR 80.3 million. Due to the ongoing substantial investments, depreciation and amortization increased to a total of EUR 24.3 million (previous year: EUR 21.8 million).

The operating result (EBIT) for the first six months of 2015 came in at EUR 62.7 million, a significant increase on the previous year. The EBIT margin came to 9.3% on Group average (previous year: 9.7%). One reason for this was the effects of first-time consolidation. While new acquisitions' sales are wholly recognized in Group accounting as of the date of integration into the consolidated financial statement, income from EBIT is only partially recognizable due to the depreciation and amortization required by IFRS of the values disclosed during purchase price allocation. Detailed notes on the earnings position can be found in the segment report.

The interest result increased from EUR -10.5 million to EUR -12.7 million, due to higher profit attributable to minority shareholders, which were exclusively caused by the acquisition structure of the last company purchases. Adjusted for this effect, interest expenses for operative business decreased from EUR -8.7 million to EUR -8.5 million. Earnings before tax (EBT) improved to EUR 50.0 million (previous year: EUR 48.0 million). At EUR -18.0 million, tax expenses remained in line with the previous year's level of EUR -17.3 million, corresponding to a tax rate of 35.9% (previous year: 36.0%). After deducting minority interests, the net result for the period improved to EUR 32.0 million (previous year: EUR 28.1 million). Earnings per share for continuing operations came to EUR 1.31 (previous year: EUR 1.24).

INVESTMENTS IN ACQUISITIONS AND EXPANSION IN MEDICAL ENGINEERING, AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGY, AND AUTOMATION

At the beginning of the year, the INDUS portfolio company OFA Bamberg GmbH acquired a manufacturing site from ESDA GmbH in Glauchau, Saxony, Germany. At the same time, the INDUS portfolio company SELZER Fertigungstechnik, Driedorf, acquired the remaining 10% minority interest in Selzer Automotiva do Brasil. At the beginning of May 2015, OFA also acquired 100% of the shares in the Dutch company NEA International B.V. (NEA). NEA develops orthopedic bandages and orthotic devices for specific use in the area of treatment of joint injuries and chronic conditions.

As part of its growth strategy, INDUS acquired an initial 60% share in RAGUSE Gesellschaft für medizinische Produkte mbH, Ascheberg, in June 2015. The company specializes in OP drapes, OP gowns, and other medical products. The company operates in an interesting, profitable niche market, as well as a growth market. In Germany alone, the number of operations increased by almost 25% between 2005 and 2013. The increasing aging of the population combined with further medical advances means we can expect to see the number of operations continue to rise in future. RAGUSE was established in 1980, and achieved sales of approximately EUR 11 million in 2014. Founder and CEO Joachim Raguse will remain the Managing Partner with 40% of the shares.

On July 30, 2015, after the reporting period, INDUS closed a deal to acquire 75% of IEF-Werner GmbH, Furtwangen. The company primarily covers five areas with its product portfolio: transfer systems, semiconductors, wheel gauging machines, components, and microassembly. The transfer systems product area covers all types of plants to pallet loading (palletizers); the semiconductor area primarily consists of special plants used to produce ABS systems. The wheel gauging machines developed and produced by IEF are mainly used by large wheel manufacturers. The component area covers all types of positioning systems, focusing on linear axes. The range also includes control technology developed by IEF. The newest product area is microassembly. It covers the new development of complete modular microassembly cells and the product family aiPRESS. Its unique selling point is the control concept, which eliminates the need for central control of the plant. The work flow required for a product is coded on the workpiece carrier, which in turn controls the individual assembly cells. An aiPRESS is a highly precise “automatic and intelligent” press. The sole proprietor, Manfred Bär, is selling his majority to INDUS as part of the succession plan, but will remain in the company as Managing Partner until at least 2017 in order to accompany the transition process. IEF currently employs approximately 130 staff and expects sales of approximately EUR 22 million in 2015.

SEGMENT REPORT

The INDUS Holding AG investment portfolio is organized into five segments: Construction/Infrastructure, Automotive Technology, Engineering, Medical Engineering/Life Science and Metals Technology. The investment portfolio encompassed 43 operating units as of June 30, 2015.

INDUS CONSTRUCTION/INFRASTRUCTURE SEGMENT

EBIT AFFECTED BY INVOICING EFFECTS

The order situation again proved stable in the construction sector in 2015. At EUR 106.3 million, segment sales in the first six months of 2015 are as expected, and on a par with those achieved in 2014 (previous year: EUR 108.9 million). Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) declined year-on-year to EUR 11.6 million (previous year: EUR 12.5 million). The EBIT margin therefore amounts to 10.9% (previous year: 11.5%). This is first and foremost due to the lower performance of two acquisitions in the first half of the year, and, from the current viewpoint, an effect that will be confined to this year and will balance itself out over the course of the year. INDUS considers the intended margin of between 12% and 14% for the Construction/Infrastructure segment this fiscal year to be achievable.

SALES -2.4 %
EBIT MARGIN
10.9 %

> SALES
SLIGHTLY
BELOW THE
PREVIOUS
YEAR'S LEVEL

> EBIT TO
DECLINE
SOMEWHAT

KEY FIGURES – CONSTRUCTION/INFRASTRUCTURE (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales with external third parties	106.3	108.9
EBITDA	14.6	15.1
Depreciation and amortization	-3.0	-2.7
EBIT	11.6	12.5
EBIT margin in %	10.9	11.5
Capital expenditure	4.0	7.3
Employees	1,130	1,113

INDUS AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGY SEGMENT

SALES +4.6 %
EBIT MARGIN
6.0 %

> **ECONOMIC**
SITUATION IN
THE AUTOMO-
TIVE BUSINESS
STABLE

> **MARGIN**
AT THE
LOWER END
OF THE
TARGET RANGE

BUSINESS STABLE WITH ISOLATED START-UP DIFFICULTIES

The segment companies were able to further increase their sales year on year, from EUR 175.3 million to EUR 183.4 million. However, the operating result fell slightly against the previous year, and at EUR 11.0 million came in below the figure achieved in 2014 (previous year: EUR 11.4 million). As a result of the general weakness of the economy, demand for tire studs has dropped considerably in Russia. In addition, the current start-up problems that a series supplier for a new product for OEM key customers is experiencing is also causing difficulties. The situation requires an increase of personnel resources, which means considerable additional costs are being incurred. This is having a significant effect on the company's margins. Nevertheless, the EBIT margin target for 2015 of between 6% and 8% should still be achieved, albeit at the lower end of the range.

KEY FIGURES – AUTOMOTIVE TECHNOLOGY (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales with external third parties	183.4	175.3
EBITDA	20.0	20.6
Depreciation and amortization	-9.1	-9.2
EBIT	11.0	11.4
EBIT margin in %	6.0	6.5
Capital expenditure	11.8	12.2
Employees	3,249	3,079

INDUS ENGINEERING SEGMENT

SALES +50.7 %
EBIT MARGIN
12.9 %

> **CONSIDERABLE**
INCREASE IN
SALES DUE TO
ACQUISITIONS

> **MARGIN**
IMPROVED

NEW ACQUISITIONS CONTRIBUTE TO RISE IN SALES AND EARNINGS

Segment sales increased from EUR 88.5 million to EUR 133.4 million and thus grew by more than 50% on a percentage basis. The increase in sales is partly due to the first complete inclusion of the new acquisition MBN Neugersdorf and the full holding in KNUR Maschinenbau (part of the INDUS portfolio company ASS). The existing companies, too, contributed to the pleasing increase in sales. EBIT has also increased by approximately 60% from EUR 10.7 million to EUR 17.2 million. The improvement of the EBIT margin compared to the previous year to 12.9% is pleasing (previous year: 12.1%). As previously announced, operations at SEMET were discontinued mid-2015.

KEY FIGURES – ENGINEERING (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales with external third parties	133.4	88.5
EBITDA	20.8	13.5
Depreciation and amortization	-3.6	-2.8
EBIT	17.2	10.7
EBIT margin in %	12.9	12.1
Capital expenditure	3.8	1.8
Employees	1,370	1,118

INDUS MEDICAL ENGINEERING/LIFE SCIENCE SEGMENT**JUMP IN SALES THANKS TO FULL CONSOLIDATION OF ROLKO**

The Medical Engineering/Life Science segment is sustained by stable prospects for the health care sector. Segment sales increased by around 22 % to EUR 65.3 million in the first six months (previous year: EUR 53.7 million); this is primarily due to the full first-time consolidation of ROLKO for fiscal 2015. Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT) rose year-on-year to EUR 9.1 million (previous year: EUR 8.6 million). The one-off expenses incurred as part of acquiring the production site in Glauchau for OFA in January are noticeable in the segment result. The new acquisition of NEA International through INDUS portfolio company OFA Bamberg is only partially included in the six-month figures (from May 2015), the acquisition of the RAGUSE group, which took place in June 2015, is not yet included. Therefore, the EBIT margin of 13.9 % (previous year: 16.0 %) is, as expected, still under the target of approximately 15 % after the first six months of the year. INDUS expects an improvement in the margin in the second half of the year toward 15 %.

SALES +21.6 %
EBIT MARGIN
13.9 %

> **SALES**
INCREASE
DUE TO NEW
ACQUISITION
ROLKO

> **INTEGRATION**
COSTS DUE
TO GROWTH
AFFECT
MARGIN

KEY FIGURES – MEDICAL ENGINEERING/LIFE SCIENCE (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales with external third parties	65.3	53.7
EBITDA	11.4	9.9
Depreciation and amortization	-2.3	-1.3
EBIT	9.1	8.6
EBIT margin in %	13.9	16.0
Capital expenditure	27.1	19.7
Employees	945	777

INDUS METALS TECHNOLOGY SEGMENT

SALES +7.5 %
EBIT MARGIN
8.6 %

> **SALES REMAIN**
STABLE, BUT
EARNINGS ARE
DOWN

> **HIGHER**
COSTS DUE
TO RESTRUC-
TURING
PROJECTS

SEGMENT RESULT UNDER PRESSURE

The Metals Technology segment recorded a significant rise in sales in 2015, but income has dropped considerably against the previous year. Both of the Swiss sheet metal processors play an important role in these developments. The appreciation of the Swiss franc against the euro has played an important part, causing adverse effects for the companies who produce their goods in the Eurozone. The management has already put restructuring projects in place, which are showing results. In the area of powder metallurgy, quality problems experienced by a German portfolio company have led to considerable additional burdens. Measures to optimize quality and processes have been introduced in this area, too. The overall positive order situation in the segment has led to an increase in sales of approximately 8% from EUR 174.0 million to EUR 198.0 million, but earnings before income and taxes declined due to the restructuring efforts and additional costs incurred to stabilize quality processes. It fell from EUR 18.5 million to EUR 16.1 million. At 8.6% the margin is significantly below the previous year's figure of 10.6%. INDUS expects that the EBIT margin target of 9% planned for 2015 will still be achieved.

KEY FIGURES – METALS TECHNOLOGY (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales with external third parties	187.0	174.0
EBITDA	22.1	24.0
Depreciation and amortization	-6.0	-5.5
EBIT	16.1	18.5
EBIT margin in %	8.6	10.6
Capital expenditure	8.4	6.6
Employees	1,385	1,304

EMPLOYEES

As the year began, the number of employees working for the various INDUS Group companies held steady as a result of the order situation. At 28.6% of sales, the personnel ratio is roughly at the previous year's level (previous year: 28.4%). As of June 30, 2015, the company had 8,103 employees (previous year: 7,454 employees).

FINANCIAL POSITION

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONDENSED (in EUR millions)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Operating cash flow	26.4	17.9
Interest	-7.6	-8.3
Cash flow from operating activities	18.8	9.6
Cash outflow for investments	-55.9	-47.9
Cash inflow from the disposal of assets	0.4	0.4
Cash flow from investing activities	-55.5	-47.5
Dividends paid to shareholders	-29.3	-26.9
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	-0.1	0.0
Cash inflow from the assumption of debt	83.0	81.2
Cash outflow from the repayment of debt	-39.3	-30.5
Cash flow from financing activities	14.3	23.8
Net cash change in financial facilities	-22.4	-14.1
Changes in cash and cash equivalents caused by currency exchange rates	1.5	0.2
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	116.5	115.9
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	95.6	102.0

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS:

OVER EUR 55 MILLION ALREADY INVESTED AT THIS YEAR'S HALFWAY POINT

Based on earnings after tax of EUR 32.0 million from continuing operations (previous year: EUR 30.7 million), at EUR 26.4 million operating cash flow in the first six months of 2015 increased significantly compared to the same period the previous year (previous year: EUR 17.9 million). Due to the stable economic situation, there was an increase in inventories and trade receivables. Cash outflows for liabilities decreasing in comparison to the previous year had a compensating effect.

At EUR -7.8 million, cash flow for interest paid was lower year-on-year in the first six months (previous year: EUR -8.6 million). Cash flow from operating activities therefore increased to EUR 18.8 million (previous year: EUR 9.6 million).

Cash outflow for investing activities was EUR -55.5 million in the first half of 2015 (previous year: EUR -47.5 million); the acquisition of the manufacturing site in Glauchau and the purchase of NEA for OFA Bamberg and higher investments as part of the increased internationalization of some portfolio companies are included in this item.

Cash inflow from financing activities dropped from EUR 23.8 million to EUR 14.3 million. This is due to higher loan repayments and due to higher dividend in comparison to the previous year. At EUR 95.6 million as of the reporting date, cash and cash equivalents are slightly below the previous year's level.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION, CONDENSED (in EUR millions)

	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Assets		
Noncurrent assets	777.9	748.0
Fixed assets	773.3	742.8
Accounts receivable and other current assets	4.6	5.2
Current assets	613.2	560.4
Inventories	304.5	265.7
Accounts receivable and other current assets	213.1	178.2
Cash and cash equivalents	95.6	116.5
Total assets	1,391.1	1,308.4
Equity and liabilities		
Noncurrent liabilities	1,065.8	1,029.6
Equity	562.6	549.9
Debt	503.2	479.7
of which provisions	29.3	28.7
of which payables and income taxes	473.9	451.0
Current liabilities	325.3	278.8
of which provisions	63.6	52.0
of which liabilities	261.7	226.8
Total equity and liabilities	1,391.1	1,308.4

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION:

EQUITY RATIO REMAINS OVER 40 %

The INDUS Group's consolidated total assets were higher primarily due to the increase in working capital and amounted to EUR 1,391.1 million as of June 30 this year (December 31, 2014: EUR 1,308.4 million). This increase in noncurrent assets reflects our investment activities and is primarily due to the increase in goodwill, intangible assets, and property, plant, and equipment. For the first half of 2015, the acquisition of NEA and the production site in Glauchau for OFA are both included in this item. Cash and cash equivalents amounted to EUR 95.6 million as of the reporting date.

The Group's equity has increased to EUR 562.6 million (December 31, 2014: EUR 549.9 million) as a consequence of the increase in other reserves as a result of the allocation of retained earnings taking into account the dividend, but also due to the higher positive difference resulting from currency translation. Noncurrent liabilities rose by EUR 22.9 million; this was primarily due to an increase in noncurrent financial liabilities. Current liabilities increased by EUR 46.5 million, primarily due to an increase in trade payables and current financial liabilities. Despite the higher amounts invested, the equity ratio only declined slightly against the end of 2014 to 40.4% (December 31, 2014: 42.0%). At EUR 506.0 million, financial liabilities increased by EUR 43.7 million following the first half of 2015 (December 31, 2014: EUR 462.3 million). Net debt in the Group rose to EUR 410.4 million due to major investments in growth (December 31, 2014: EUR 345.9 million).

OPPORTUNITIES AND RISKS

INDUS Holding AG and its portfolio companies are exposed to a multiplicity of risks as a result of their international activities. Entrepreneurial activity is inextricably linked with risk-taking. At the same time, this enables the company to seize new opportunities and thus defend and strengthen the market position of the portfolio companies. The company operates an efficient risk management system for the early detection, comprehensive analysis, and systematic handling of risks. The structuring of the risk management system and significance of particular risks are discussed in detail in the 2014 annual report on pages 122 ff. Here it is stated that the company does not view itself as subject to any risks that could endanger its continued existence as a going concern. The INDUS Holding AG annual report can be downloaded free of charge at www.indus.de.

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

On July 30, 2015, INDUS Holding AG acquired 75% of the shares in IEF-Werner GmbH, Furtwangen. IEF-Werner GmbH manufactures components for automation technology. The company primarily covers five areas of automation technology with its product portfolio: transfer systems, microassembly, semiconductors, wheel gauging machines, and components. IEF was classified as part of the Engineering segment. The purchase price allocation process has not yet been completed.

OUTLOOK

> SALES WILL EXCEED EUR 1.3 BILLION IN 2015

> OPERATING RESULT OF EUR 125 TO 130 MILLION EXPECTED

In our opinion, the economic outlook for 2015 has not improved during the first six months of the year. The German government forecasts GDP growth of 1.8% in Germany for 2015; certain institutes' forecast are slightly higher but neither the weak Eurozone, the recession in Russia, nor the acute weakness of the Chinese economy currently allow us to assume that the economy could perform better. If we look at the course of developments in the gross domestic product it supports this assumption: In the first quarter of 2015 GDP grew by 0.3%, in the second by 0.4%. The weakness of the euro, caused by the ECB buying up massive amounts of bonds, and the unchanged low interest rate are having a positive effect on the competitiveness of the export-oriented German economy, and both the stability of the price of raw materials and the low energy costs are contributing toward a quite steady environment.

INDUS reported significant growth in sales and achieved a good operating result in the first six months. All business performance was in line with the plan. INDUS therefore reiterates its sales forecasts of more than EUR 1.3 billion and EBIT of around EUR 125 to 130 million before the inclusion of the proportional sales and earnings contributions from the acquisitions made over the course of the year.

—————> **CONSOLIDATED INTERIM
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

- p. 20 —> CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME
- p. 21 —> STATEMENT OF INCOME AND
ACCUMULATED EARNINGS
- p. 24 —> CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF
FINANCIAL POSITION
- p. 25 —> CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY
- p. 26 —> CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
- p. 27 —> NOTES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE FIRST HALF-YEAR 2015 (in EUR '000)

	Notes	H1 2015	H1 2014
Sales		675,591	600,286
Other operating income		7,622	8,729
Own work capitalized		3,968	2,190
Change in inventories		17,813	16,177
Cost of materials	[5]	-335,320	-294,283
Personnel expenses	[6]	-193,016	-170,321
Depreciation and amortization		-24,293	-21,848
Other operating expenses	[7]	-90,038	-82,929
Income from shares accounted for using the equity method		307	412
Financial result		86	78
Operating result (EBIT)		62,720	58,491
Interest income		169	218
Interest expenses		-12,881	-10,721
Net interest	[8]	-12,712	-10,503
Earnings before taxes		50,008	47,988
Taxes	[9]	-17,963	-17,246
Income from discontinued operations		0	-2,632
Earnings after taxes		32,045	28,110
of which allocable to non-controlling interests		112	327
of which allocable to INDUS shareholders		31,933	27,783
Earnings per share undiluted and diluted in EUR (continuing operations)	[10]	1.31	1.24

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND ACCUMULATED EARNINGS

FOR THE FIRST HALF-YEAR 2015 (in EUR '000)

	H1 2015	H1 2014
Earnings after taxes	32,045	28,110
Actuarial gains and losses	0	-2,694
Deferred taxes	0	776
Items not reclassified to profit or loss	0	-1,918
Currency translation adjustment	8,626	294
Change in the market values of derivative financial instruments (cash flow hedge)	1,752	-1,417
Deferred taxes	-278	224
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in future	10,100	-899
Other income	10,100	-2,817
Overall result	42,145	25,293
of which allocable to non-controlling shareholders	112	327
of which allocable to INDUS shareholders	42,033	24,966

Income and expenses of EUR 10,100,000, recognized directly in equity under other income in the first half of 2015, include no actuarial gains or losses from pension plans or other similar obligations as the interest rate for domestic commitments remains unchanged from that of December 31, 2014 at 2.40% (June 30, 2015).

Net income from currency translation of EUR 8,626,000 is derived from the translated financial statements of consolidated international subsidiaries. The change in fair values of derivative financial instruments in the amount of EUR 1,752,000 was chiefly the result of interest rate swaps transacted by the holding company in order to hedge interest rate movements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME

FOR THE SECOND QUARTER 2015 (in EUR '000)

	Notes	Q2 2015	Q2 2014
Sales		347,721	313,098
Other operating income		1,748	4,608
Own work capitalized		3,228	1,626
Change in inventories		4,273	1,097
Cost of materials	[5]	-169,880	-149,750
Personnel expenses	[6]	-98,403	-86,224
Depreciation and amortization		-12,361	-10,948
Other operating expenses	[7]	-45,336	-43,538
Income from shares accounted for using the equity method		188	205
Financial result		45	39
Operating result (EBIT)		31,223	30,213
Interest income		87	124
Interest expenses		-6,080	-5,673
Net interest	[8]	-5,993	-5,549
Earnings before taxes		25,230	24,664
Taxes	[9]	-9,040	-8,770
Income from discontinued operations		0	-1,072
Earnings after taxes		16,190	14,822
of which allocable to non-controlling interests		31	156
of which allocable to INDUS shareholders		16,159	14,666
Earnings per share undiluted and diluted in EUR (continuing operations)	[10]	0.66	0.64

STATEMENT OF INCOME AND ACCUMULATED EARNINGS

FOR THE SECOND QUARTER 2015 (in EUR '000)

	Q2 2015	Q2 2014
Earnings after taxes	16,190	14,822
Actuarial gains and losses	4,350	-1,846
Deferred taxes	-1,253	532
Items not reclassified to profit or loss	3,097	-1,314
Currency translation adjustment	2,011	717
Change in the market values of derivative financial instruments (cash flow hedge)	1,209	-625
Deferred taxes	-192	99
Items to be reclassified to profit or loss in future	3,028	191
Other income	6,125	-1,123
Overall result	22,315	13,699
of which allocable to non-controlling shareholders	31	156
of which allocable to INDUS shareholders	22,284	13,543

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

in EUR '000	Notes	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
ASSETS			
Goodwill		380,531	368,239
Other intangible assets	[11]	51,384	44,029
Property, plant, and equipment	[12]	315,278	306,818
Investment property		6,059	6,131
Financial assets		12,584	10,526
Shares accounted for using the equity method		7,340	7,033
Other noncurrent assets		1,149	1,685
Deferred taxes		3,500	3,482
Noncurrent assets		777,825	747,943
Inventories	[13]	304,524	265,690
Accounts receivable	[14]	194,795	162,091
Other current assets		16,537	12,282
Current income taxes		1,813	3,890
Cash and cash equivalents		95,594	116,491
Current assets		613,263	560,444
Total assets		1,391,088	1,308,387
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Subscribed capital		63,571	63,571
Capital reserve		239,833	239,833
Other reserves		257,203	244,511
Equity held by INDUS shareholders		560,607	547,915
Non-controlling interests in the equity		2,014	1,957
Equity		562,621	549,872
Provisions for pensions		27,769	27,174
Other noncurrent provisions		1,547	1,561
Noncurrent financial liabilities		385,565	367,935
Other noncurrent liabilities		51,389	49,844
Deferred taxes		36,879	33,165
Noncurrent liabilities		503,149	479,679
Other current provisions		63,628	52,014
Current financial liabilities		120,452	94,381
Trade accounts payable		61,679	47,942
Other current liabilities		73,827	77,836
Current income taxes		5,732	6,663
Current liabilities		325,318	278,836
Total equity and liabilities		1,391,088	1,308,387

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF EQUITY

in EUR '000	Subscribed capital	Capital reserve	Retained earnings	Other earnings	Equity held by INDUS shareholders	Interests allocable to non-controlling shareholders	Group equity
Balance Dec. 31, 2013	63,571	239,833	216,024	-4,725	514,703	627	515,330
Income after taxes			27,783		27,783	327	28,110
Other income				-2,817	-2,817		-2,817
Overall result			27,783	-2,817	24,966	327	25,293
Dividend payments			-26,896		-26,896	-43	-26,939
Change in scope of consolidation						1,482	1,482
Balance June 30, 2014	63,571	239,833	216,911	-7,542	512,773	2,393	515,166
Balance Dec. 31, 2014	63,571	239,833	252,270	-7,759	547,915	1,957	549,872
Income after taxes			31,933		31,933	112	32,045
Other income				10,100	10,100		10,100
Overall result			31,933	10,100	42,033	112	42,145
Capital increase						48	48
Dividend payments			-29,341		-29,341	-90	-29,431
Change in scope of consolidation						-13	-13
Balance June 30, 2015	63,571	239,833	254,862	2,341	560,607	2,014	562,621

Interests held by non-controlling shareholders essentially consist of the non-controlling interests in WEIGAND Bau GmbH and subsidiaries of the ROLKO Group. Non-controlling interests in limited partnerships and limited liability companies for which, at the time of purchase, the economic ownership of the relevant non-controlling interests had already been passed on under reciprocal option agreements are shown under other liabilities.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

in EUR '000	H1 2015	H1 2014
Income after taxes generated by continuing operations	32,045	30,742
Depreciation/write-ups of noncurrent assets	24,293	21,848
Taxes	17,963	17,246
Net interest	12,712	10,503
Cash earnings of discontinued operations	0	-151
Other non-cash transactions	6,829	-2,252
Changes in provisions	11,728	7,199
Increase (-)/decrease (+) in inventories, trade accounts receivable, and other assets	-68,955	-40,140
Increase (+)/decrease (-) in trade accounts payable and other liabilities	5,552	-10,409
Income taxes received/paid	-15,752	-16,662
Operating cash flow	26,415	17,924
Interest paid	-7,783	-8,573
Interest received	169	218
Cash flow from operating activities	18,801	9,569
Cash outflow from investments in		
property, plant, and equipment, and in intangible assets	-32,477	-28,616
financial assets and shares accounted for using the equity method	-2,440	-863
shares in fully consolidated companies	-20,934	-18,416
Cash inflow from the disposal of other assets	382	368
Cash flow from investing activities	-55,469	-47,527
Dividends paid to shareholders	-29,341	-26,896
Cash inflow from non-controlling shareholders	48	0
Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders	-90	-43
Cash inflow from the assumption of debt	83,000	81,232
Cash outflow from the repayment of debt	-39,299	-30,477
Cash flow from financing activities	14,318	23,816
Net cash change in financial facilities	-22,350	-14,142
Changes in cash and cash equivalents caused by currency exchange rates	1,453	185
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	116,491	115,921
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	95,594	101,964

NOTES

BASIC PRINCIPLES

[1] GENERAL INFORMATION

INDUS Holding AG, based in Bergisch Gladbach, Germany, prepared its consolidated financial statements for the first half of 2015 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and interpretations of these standards by the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretations Committee (IFRS IC) as to their applicability in the European Union (EU). The consolidated financial statements are prepared in euros (EUR). Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are stated in thousands of euros (EUR '000).

These interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with IAS 34 in condensed form. The interim report has not been audited, nor subjected to perusal or review by an auditor.

New obligatory standards are reported on separately in the section “Changes in Accounting Guidelines”. Otherwise, the same accounting methods were applied as in the consolidated financial statements for the 2014 fiscal year. They are described there in detail. Because this interim financial report does not provide the full scope of information found in the annual financial statements, these financial statements should be considered within the context of the last annual financial statements.

In the Board of Management’s view, this quarterly report includes all of the usual ongoing adjustments that are necessary for an appropriate presentation of the Group’s financial position and financial performance. The results achieved in the first half of the 2015 fiscal year do not necessarily predict future business performance.

The preparation of consolidated financial statements is influenced by accounting and valuation principles, and requires assumptions and estimates to be made which have an impact on the recognized value of the assets, liabilities, and contingent liabilities, as well as on income and expenses. When estimates are made regarding the future, actual values may deviate from the estimates. If the original basis for the estimates changes, the statement of the relevant items is adjusted through profit and loss.

[2] CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING GUIDELINES

All obligatory accounting standards in effect as of fiscal year 2015 have been implemented in these interim financial statements.

The new standards do not affect in any way the presentation of the financial position and financial performance of INDUS Holding AG in the consolidated financial statements.

[3] SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements include all subsidiaries, in which INDUS Group is able to directly or indirectly control the financial and business policies of said subsidiaries. A parent company controls a subsidiary when the parent is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the subsidiary. Associated companies whose financial and business policies can be significantly influenced are consolidated using the equity method. Companies purchased during the course of the fiscal year are consolidated as of the date on which control over their finance and business policy is transferred. Companies which are sold are no longer included in the scope of consolidation as of the date on which the business is transferred. After the date on which the decision is made to divest the company in question, these are classified as “held for sale”.

[4] BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

NEA

Through a contract dated May 12, 2015, OFA Bamberg GmbH acquired 100% of the shares in the Dutch company NEA International B.V. (NEA), Maastricht. NEA develops orthopedic bandages and orthotic devices for specific use in the area of treatment of joint injuries and chronic conditions. NEA was classified as part of the Medical Engineering/Life Science segment.

The cost of acquiring NEA was EUR 21,224,000, which was paid in cash.

The goodwill calculated as part of the purchase price allocation of EUR 10,601,000 is not tax-deductible. Goodwill represents inseparable assets such as staff expertise and positive expectations for future income, as well as synergies from development, production, sales and marketing.

In the provisional purchase price allocation, the acquired assets and liabilities were determined as follows:

ACQUISITION: NEA (in EUR '000)

	Carrying amounts at time of addition	Assets added due to first-time consolidation	Additions conso- lidated statement of financial position
Goodwill	0	10,601	10,601
Other intangible assets	553	7,770	8,323
Property, plant, and equipment	512	414	926
Inventories	1,813	338	2,151
Accounts receivable	1,016	0	1,016
Other assets*	1,076	0	1,076
Cash and cash equivalents	290	0	290
Total assets	5,260	19,123	24,383
Other provisions	467	0	467
Trade accounts payable	232	0	232
Other liabilities**	287	2,173	2,460
Total liabilities	986	2,173	3,159

* Other assets: Other noncurrent assets, Other current assets, Current income taxes, Deferred taxes

** Other liabilities: Other noncurrent liabilities, Other current liabilities, Deferred taxes, Current income taxes

NEA was first consolidated in May 2015. NEA has contributed EUR 1,085,000 in sales and EUR 259,000 in EBIT to the result for the first half of 2015.

The transaction costs for the acquisition were recorded in the Statement of Income.

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF INCOME

[5] COST OF MATERIALS

in EUR '000	H1 2015	H1 2014
Raw materials and goods for resale	-276,717	-254,851
Purchased services	-58,603	-39,432
Total	-335,320	-294,283

[6] PERSONNEL EXPENSES

in EUR '000	H1 2015	H1 2014
Wages and salaries	-164,011	-144,710
Social security	-27,448	-24,325
Pensions	-1,557	-1,286
Total	-193,016	-170,321

[7] OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

in EUR '000	H1 2015	H1 2014
Selling expenses	-34,846	-33,429
Operating expenses	-32,681	-29,651
Administrative expenses	-17,680	-16,231
Other expenses	-4,831	-3,618
Total	-90,038	-82,929

[8] NET INTEREST

in EUR '000	H1 2015	H1 2014
Interest and similar income	169	218
Interest and similar expenses	-8,665	-8,955
Interest from operations	-8,496	-8,737
Other: Market value of interest-rate swaps	124	255
Other: Non-controlling interests	-4,340	-2,021
Other interest	-4,216	-1,766
Total	-12,712	-10,503

[9] INCOME TAXES

Income tax expense is calculated for the interim financial statements based on the assumptions of current tax planning.

[10] EARNINGS PER SHARE

in EUR '000	H1 2015	H1 2014
Earnings attributable to INDUS shareholders	31,933	27,783
Earnings attributable to discontinued operations	0	-2,632
Earnings attributable to continuing operations	31,933	30,415
Weighted average shares outstanding (in thousands)	24,451	24,451
Earnings per share, continuing operations (in EUR)	1.31	1.24
Earnings per share, discontinued operations (in EUR)	0.00	-0.11

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

[11] OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

in EUR '000	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Capitalized development costs	9,965	9,501
Property rights, concessions, and other intangible assets	41,419	34,528
Total	51,384	44,029

[12] PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT

in EUR '000	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Land and buildings	174,185	167,478
Plant and machinery	89,512	88,076
Other equipment, factory, and office equipment	42,566	41,294
Advance payments and work in process	9,015	9,970
Total	315,278	306,818

[13] INVENTORIES

in EUR '000	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Raw materials and supplies	95,882	82,638
Unfinished goods	99,386	80,220
Finished goods and goods for resale	88,020	86,429
Prepayments for inventories	21,236	16,403
Total	304,524	265,690

[14] ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

in EUR '000	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Accounts receivable from customers	173,440	144,421
Accounts receivable from construction contracts	13,501	11,649
Accounts receivable from associated companies	7,854	6,021
Total	194,795	162,091

OTHER DISCLOSURES

[15] SEGMENT REPORTING

SEGMENT INFORMATION BY OPERATION (CONTINUING OPERATIONS) FOR THE FIRST HALF-YEAR 2015

SEGMENT INFORMATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH IFRS 8 (in EUR '000)

	Construction/ Infrastructure	Automotive Technology	Engineering	Medical Engineering/ Life Science	Metals Technology	Total Segments	Reconciliation	Consolidated financial statements
H1 2015								
Sales with external third parties	106,340	183,431	133,399	65,283	187,002	675,455	136	675,591
Sales with Group companies	4,426	19,536	21,865	4,874	18,929	69,630	-69,630	0
Sales	110,766	202,967	155,264	70,157	205,931	745,085	-69,494	675,591
Segment earnings (EBIT)	11,577	10,968	17,198	9,072	16,149	64,964	-2,244	62,720
Earnings from equity valuation	0	210	97	0	0	307	0	307
Depreciation and amortization	-2,993	-9,110	-3,582	-2,291	-5,981	-23,957	-336	-24,293
Segment EBITDA	14,570	20,078	20,780	11,363	22,130	88,921	-1,908	87,013
Capital expenditure	4,046	11,828	3,829	27,050	8,359	55,112	739	55,851
of which company acquisitions	0	0	0	20,934	0	20,934	0	20,934
H1 2014								
Sales with external third parties	108,871	175,298	88,484	53,681	174,011	600,345	-59	600,286
Sales with Group companies	4,975	18,374	17,048	1,789	14,995	57,181	-57,181	0
Sales	113,846	193,672	105,532	55,470	189,006	657,526	-57,240	600,286
Segment earnings (EBIT)	12,478	11,375	10,736	8,612	18,499	61,700	-3,209	58,491
Earnings from equity valuation	0	368	44	0	0	412	0	412
Depreciation and amortization	-2,751	-9,209	-2,840	-1,310	-5,452	-21,562	-286	-21,848
Segment EBITDA	15,229	20,584	13,576	9,922	23,951	83,262	-2,923	80,339
Capital expenditure	7,329	12,246	1,816	19,746	6,553	47,690	205	47,895
of which company acquisitions	0	27	0	18,389	0	18,416	0	18,416

SEGMENT INFORMATION BY OPERATION (CONTINUING OPERATIONS) FOR THE SECOND QUARTER 2015

SEGMENT INFORMATION IN ACCORDANCE WITH IFRS 8 (in EUR '000)

	Construction/ Infrastructure	Automotive Technology	Engineering	Medical Engineering/ Life Science	Metals Technology	Total Segments	Reconciliation	Consolidated financial statements
Q2 2015								
Sales with external third parties	58,996	94,186	64,687	33,833	95,833	347,535	186	347,721
Sales with Group companies	2,367	9,889	11,253	3,046	11,180	37,735	-37,735	0
Sales	61,363	104,075	75,940	36,879	107,013	385,270	-37,549	347,721
Segment earnings (EBIT)	6,882	4,759	7,685	4,365	9,004	32,695	-1,472	31,223
Earnings from equity valuation	0	91	96	0	0	187	0	187
Depreciation and amortization	-1,504	-4,596	-1,811	-1,258	-3,012	-12,181	-180	-12,361
Segment EBITDA	8,386	9,355	9,496	5,623	12,016	44,876	-1,292	43,583
Capital expenditure	1,167	6,046	1,332	21,397	3,247	33,189	427	33,616
of which company acquisitions	0	0	0	20,934	0	20,934	0	20,934
Q2 2014								
Sales with external third parties	59,729	90,927	46,041	28,615	87,702	313,014	84	313,098
Sales with Group companies	2,295	9,769	8,321	1,380	7,264	29,029	-29,029	0
Sales	62,024	100,696	54,362	29,995	94,966	342,043	-28,945	313,098
Segment earnings (EBIT)	7,906	5,839	5,406	4,233	9,122	32,506	-2,293	30,213
Earnings from equity valuation	0	161	0	44	0	205	0	205
Depreciation and amortization	-1,435	-4,517	-1,398	-721	-2,730	-10,801	-147	-10,948
Segment EBITDA	9,341	10,356	6,804	4,954	11,852	43,307	-2,146	41,161
Capital expenditure	4,386	7,964	910	19,179	3,351	35,790	63	35,853
of which company acquisitions	27	0	0	18,389	0	18,416	0	18,416

The table below reconciles the total operating results of segment reporting with the income before tax in the consolidated income statement:

RECONCILIATION (in EUR '000)

	H1 2015	H1 2014	Q2 2015	Q2 2014
Segment earnings (EBIT)	64,964	61,700	32,695	32,506
Areas not allocated, incl. holding company	-2,383	-3,285	-1,573	-2,346
Consolidations	139	76	103	53
Net interest	-12,712	-10,503	-5,993	-5,549
Earnings before taxes	50,008	47,988	25,232	24,664

The classification of segments corresponds unchanged to the current status of internal reporting. The information relates to continuing activities. The companies are allocated to the segments on the basis of their selling markets insofar as the bulk of their product range is sold in that market environment (Automotive Technology, Medical Engineering/Life Science). Otherwise they are classified by common features in their production structure (Construction/Infrastructure, Engineering, Metals Technology).

The reconciliations contain the figures of the holding company, non-operational units not allocated to any segment, and consolidations. See the discussion provided in the management report regarding the products and services that generate segment sales.

The central control variable for the segments is operating earnings (EBIT) as defined in the consolidated financial statements. The segment information has been ascertained in compliance with the reporting and valuation methods that were applied during the preparation of the consolidated financial statements. Intersegment prices are based on arm's length prices to the extent that they can be established in a reliable manner and are determined on the basis of the cost-plus pricing method.

SEGMENT INFORMATION BY REGION

Sales are broken down by region in relation to our selling markets. Due to our varied foreign activities, a further breakdown by country is not meaningful, as no country other than Germany accounts for 10 % of Group sales.

Noncurrent assets, less deferred taxes and financial instruments, are based on the domiciles of the respective companies. Further differentiation is not expedient, as the majority of companies are domiciled in Germany.

Due to INDUS's diversification policy there were no individual product or service groups and no individual customers that accounted for more than 10 % of sales.

in EUR '000	Group	Germany	EU	Rest of world
Sales revenue with external third parties				
First half of 2015	675,591	348,312	140,037	187,242
First half of 2014	600,286	303,087	138,621	158,578
Second quarter 2015	347,721	181,567	72,531	93,623
Second quarter 2014	313,098	158,792	72,597	81,709
Noncurrent assets, less deferred taxes and financial instruments				
June 30, 2015	760,592	644,488	40,168	75,936
Dec. 31, 2014	732,250	644,368	17,767	70,115

[16] INFORMATION ON THE SIGNIFICANCE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The table below shows the carrying amounts of financial instruments. The fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be paid in an orderly transaction between market participants for the sale of an asset or transfer of a liability on the measurement date.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015 (in EUR '000)

	Balance sheet value	IFRS 7 not applicable	Financial instruments IFRS 7	Measured at fair value	Measured at amortized cost
Financial assets	12,584		12,584		12,584
Cash and cash equivalents	95,594		95,594		95,594
Accounts receivable	194,795	13,501	181,294		181,294
Other assets	17,686	2,596	15,090	204	14,886
Financial Instruments: ASSETS	320,659	16,097	304,562	204	304,358
Financial liabilities	506,017		506,017		506,017
Trade accounts payable	61,679		61,679		61,679
Other liabilities	125,216	36,672	88,544	44,969	43,575
Financial Instruments: LIABILITIES	692,912	36,672	656,240	44,969	611,271

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AS OF DEC. 31, 2014 (in EUR '000)

	Balance sheet value	IFRS 7 not applicable	Financial instruments IFRS 7	Measured at fair value	Measured at amortized cost
Financial assets	10,526		10,526		10,526
Cash and cash equivalents	116,491		116,491		116,491
Accounts receivable	162,091	11,649	150,442		150,442
Other assets	13,967	890	13,077	586	12,491
Financial Instruments: ASSETS	303,075	12,539	290,536	586	289,950
Financial liabilities	462,316		462,316		462,316
Trade accounts payable	47,942		47,942		47,942
Other liabilities	127,679	34,785	92,894	44,557	48,337
Financial Instruments: LIABILITIES	637,937	34,785	603,152	44,557	558,595

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY VALUATION CATEGORIES IAS 39 (in EUR '000)

	Carrying amount	
	June 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Measured at fair value through profit and loss	204	586
Loans and receivables	302,454	288,075
Available-for-sale financial assets	1,903	1,875
Financial instruments: ASSETS	304,562	290,536
Measured at fair value through profit and loss	44,969	44,557
Financial liabilities measured at their residual carrying amounts	611,271	558,595
Financial instruments: LIABILITIES	656,240	603,152

Available-for-sale financial assets are long-term financial investments for which no pricing on an active market is available and the fair value of which cannot be reliably determined. These are carried at cost.

[17] RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Related party disclosures primarily involve the ongoing remuneration of members of management in key positions, the Board of Management, and the Supervisory Board. Furthermore, there are consulting contracts and rent or leasing contracts in place with non-controlling shareholders or members of their families, and business relations with associated companies.

The quarterly financial statements do not contain information about changes in relationships that significantly differ from those in the 2014 annual financial statements.

[18] EVENTS AFTER THE QUARTERLY REPORTING DATE

On July 30, 2015, INDUS Holding AG acquired 75 % of the shares in IEF-Werner GmbH, Furtwangen. IEF-Werner GmbH manufactures components for automation technology. The company primarily covers five areas of automation technology with its product portfolio: transfer systems, microassembly, semiconductors, wheel gauging machines, and components.

IEF was classified as part of the Engineering segment. The purchase price allocation process has not yet been completed.

[19] APPROVAL FOR PUBLICATION

The Board of Management of INDUS Holding AG approved this IFRS interim financial statement for publication on August 17, 2015.

[20] DECLARATION OF LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE


We warrant that, to the best of our knowledge, these interim consolidated financial statements provide a true and fair representation, in accordance with the applicable accounting principles for interim consolidated reporting, of the assets, financial, and earnings position of the Group, and that the Group interim management report presents a true and fair representation of the Group's business performance, earnings and position, outlining the principal opportunities and risks in connection with Group business activities planned over the remaining course of the fiscal year.

Bergisch Gladbach, August 17, 2015
INDUS Holding AG

The Board of Management



Jürgen Abromeit



Dr. Johannes Schmidt



Rudolf Weichert

CONTACT

INDUS Holding AG

Kölner Straße 32
51429 Bergisch Gladbach
P.O. Box 10 03 53
51403 Bergisch Gladbach
Phone: +49 (0)2204/40 00-0
Fax: +49 (0)2204/40 00-20
Internet: www.indus.de
E-mail: indus@indus.de

FINANCIAL CALENDAR 2015

September 9	ZKK Capital Market Conference, Zurich
September 10	Commerzbank Sector Conference 2015, Frankfurt/Main
November 17	Interim report on September 30, 2015
November 25	Deutsches Eigenkapitalforum, Frankfurt/Main

IMPRINT

Responsible member of the Management Board:

Jürgen Abromeit

Head of Public Relations & Investor Relations:

Regina Wolter
Telefon: +49 (0)2204/40 00-70
Telefax: +49 (0)2204/40 00-20
E-Mail: wolter@indus.de

Publisher:

INDUS Holding AG, Bergisch Gladbach

Concept/Design:

Berichtsmanufaktur GmbH, Hamburg

Photos:

Cover: BILSTEIN & SIEKERMANN
p. 5: Catrin Moritz

This interim report is also available in German. Only the German version of the interim report is legally binding.

Disclaimer: This interim report contains forward-looking statements based on assumptions and estimates made by the Board of Management of INDUS Holding AG. Although the Board of Management is of the opinion that these assumptions and estimates are accurate, they are subject to certain risks and uncertainty. Actual future results may deviate substantially from these assumptions and estimates due to a variety of factors. These factors include changes in the general economic situation, the business, economic and competitive situation, foreign exchange and interest rates, and the legal setting. INDUS Holding AG shall not be held liable for the future development and actual future results being in line with the assumptions and estimates included in this interim report. Assumptions and estimates made in this interim report will not be updated.

WWW.INDUS.DE